JANUARY/FEBRUARY 2004

TRANSPORTATION NEWS FOR THE NINE-COUNTY SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA



Facts & Figures

Regional Measure 2 **Project Highlights**

The majority of funds in the expenditure plan are dedicated to new transit options in the bridge corridors. In addition to investing heavily in commuter rail, the plan calls for boosting ferry service and deploying more express buses across the bridges.

Capital Investments (Millions of dollars)

\$171 Comprehensive regional express bus network

\$150 New Transbay Terminal/ Downtown Caltrain extension in San Francisco

\$143 Seismic strengthening of BART's transbay tube

\$135 Dumbarton commuter rail

\$125 BART extensions to Warm Springs and the Oakland International Airport

\$110 Various freeway bottleneck/ carpool-lane improvements

\$100 Interstate 80/680 interchange improvements (Solano County)

\$96 Rail connection to East Contra Costa County (e-BART)

\$84 New ferries and dock enhancements

Fourth bore for the Caldecott Tunnel

\$42 TransLink® transit smart card

\$40 San Francisco Muni Third Street light rail and historic streetcar expansion

\$35 Sonoma-Marin commuter rail extension to Larkspur/ San Quentin

\$20 Safer bicycle and pedestrian access to public transit

\$20 Real-time transit information

Operational Investments

(Millions of dollars annually; in some cases amounts will rise in subsequent years)

\$18.3 Ferry service

\$12.3 Express bus service

\$5.5 Dumbarton rail

\$3.0 AC Transit

\$2.5 San Francisco Muni

\$1.8 Night-owl bus service in BART corridors

Regional Measure 2 Fuels System Expansion With \$1 Bridge Toll Hike

MARCH 2004 PRIMARY BALLOT TO GIVE VOTERS CHANCE TO EXPAND COMMUTE OPTIONS

Bay Area voters will soon get a chance to decide whether they want to take regional mobility issues into their own hands. A bill authored by state Senator Don Perata (D-Oakland) places a Regional Traffic Relief Plan on the March 2, 2004, ballot in Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, San Francisco, San Mateo, Santa Clara and Solano counties. If approved, the plan would be funded through a \$1 toll increase on the Bay Area's seven state-owned toll bridges, and is expected to raise approximately \$125 million annually to help relieve traffic congestion and enhance the convenience and reliability of the region's public transit system in the vicinity of bridge corridors.

Questions and Answers About Regional Measure 2

What projects are included in the expenditure plan?

The expenditure plan addresses three major goals: beefing up public transit service in the bridge corridors; enhancing transit safety while improving the connectivity of the region's various bus, rail and ferry systems; and relieving traffic bottlenecks in the bridge corridors. Approval by Bay Area voters of Regional Measure 2 (RM 2) will trigger the toll hike and activate the plan, providing \$1.5 billion over the next 35 years for capital investments ranging from BART extensions and new bus purchases to strategic highway improvements (see list to left).

Recognizing that covering operating costs is critical to improving transit service, the plan dedicates up to 38 percent of total annual

revenues to these expenses, an amount expected

to reach approximately \$48 million annually by 2016. At the same time, RM 2 makes public transit more convenient by investing in new technology, like real-time transit information at transit stops, and TransLink®, the universal transit fare payment card.

Which agency will allocate the toll revenue?

MTC will allocate toll revenue for public transit projects intended to help relieve traffic congestion on the bridges. If a project included in the plan runs into problems down the road, the legislation permits MTC to redirect the funds to another regional transit project within the same bridge corridor provided MTC consults with the project sponsor and holds a public hearing.

How will the toll increase work?

The current toll of \$2 (charged in one direction only) for autos and two-axle trucks would go up to \$3,

effective July 1, 2004. Fees for larger trucks likewise would rise by \$1. The toll increase would affect the seven stateowned toll bridges, but not the Golden Gate Bridge, which is run by a separate district and already

charges a \$5 auto toll. The Bay Area Toll Authority (an offshoot of MTC) would accelerate project schedules by issuing bonds backed by the new revenue stream.

When did voters last raise tolls and how was the money spent?

RM 2 is the successor to Regional Measure 1 (RM 1), which was passed by voters 15 years ago, in 1988. RM 1 raised fees on several of the region's state-owned toll bridges so as to reach a uniform \$1 toll. Proceeds from that set of toll hikes have funded a series of sorely

> needed mass transit and bridge expansion/replacement projects, including the justopened westbound span of the Carquinez Bridge. The second dollar of the current \$2

toll was added by the state Legislature in 1997 (effective January 1998) for critical seismic retrofitting of five Bay Area toll bridges.

How were the projects in **Regional Measure 2 chosen?**

In 2002, the California Legislature initiated hearings on Bay Area traffic congestion. Spearheaded by Senator Perata, the Senate Select Committee on Bay Area Transportation reviewed traffic forecasts most notably an anticipated 50 percent increase in transbay travel by 2025 — and determined that new investments in the bridge corridors, particularly new public transit options, were needed along with a new revenue source. Concluding that a bridge toll increase was the most appropriate

funding mechanism, legislators convened a public advisory committee to develop an expenditure



ronmental and social equity interests, the advisory group screened individual projects according to rigorous performance measures covering everything from costeffectiveness and congestion relief to environmental and social equity impacts. The group's findings coalesced into an initial expenditure plan that became the heart of Perata's Senate Bill 916. The Legislature approved the bill in September 2003, paving the way for placing RM 2 on Bay Area ballots.

What is required for passage?

As a user fee rather than a tax, RM 2 requires a simple majority (50 percent plus one) of the combined votes in the seven participating counties. If the measure fails to garner a majority in one or more counties, it still can win passage provided the combined results from the seven counties meet the threshold.

How does the state budget crisis relate to Regional Measure 2?

Not only is the state fiscal crisis threatening to undermine the region's transportation network, but also, Congress is debating the size and scope of federal transportation programs. RM 2 offers the region's voters a chance to consider self-reliance — to proceed forward with building long-awaited congestion-relief and safety projects despite uncertainties at the state and federal levels.

For more details, view the RM 2 ballot description at <www.mtc.ca.gov>.



all meetings take place at: Metropolitan Transportation Commission seph P. Bort MetroCenter 101 Eighth Street, Oakland Lawrence D. Dahms Auditorium

THURSDAY FEBRUARY 5, 2004

Elderly and Disabled Advisory Committee

MONDAY

FEBRUARY 9, 2004

Partnership Technical Advisory Committee

FEBRUARY 10, 2004 Minority Citizens Advisory Committee

WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 11, 2004

9:30 am Administration Committee³

Bay Area Toll Authority Oversight Committee

Programming and Allocations Committee*

12:30 pm MTC Advisory Council

FEBRUARY 13, 2004

9:30 am Planning and Operations Committee*

Service Authority for Freeways and Expresswavs Operations Committee

10:15 am

WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 25, 2004

Metropolitan Transportation Commission*

WEDNESDAY MARCH 3, 2004

9:30 am Administration Committee*

10 am **Bay Area Toll Authority** Oversight Committee 10:15 am

Programming and Allocations Committee* **Public Hearings:**

• 2003-04 and 2004-05 Federal Transit

• Draft 2004 Regional Transportation Improvement Program

THURSDAY MARCH 4, 2004

Elderly and Disabled Advisory Committee FRIDAY

MARCH 5, 2004 Planning and Operations Committee*

Service Authority for Freeways and Expressways Operations Committee³

MONDAY MARCH 8, 2004

Legislation Committee*

Partnership Technical Advisory Committee

MARCH 9, 2004

Minority Citizens Advisory Committee

WEDNESDAY MARCH 10, 2004

12:30 pm MTC Advisory Council

Webcast on <www.mtc.ca.gov>

Note: Dates, times and locations of MTC meetings may change. Please confirm by calling 510.464.7787. Agendas, updated meeting schedules and packets for MTC standing committees are posted on MTC's Web site: <www.mtc.ca.gov>.

Commission Actions

· Reached a key milestone in the devel-

opment of the Transportation 2030

Plan by approving a strategy for in-

vesting the \$9 billion anticipated to be

available over the next 25 years for

new transportation investments in the

nine-county San Francisco Bay Area.

In one key decision, the Commission

set aside \$4 billion, or nearly half of

the anticipated funds, for projects with

regional significance. Topping the list

is the rehabilitation/replacement of

worn-out transit vehicles and facil-

ities as well as local streets and

roads, which garnered \$2.3 billion.

Other regional priorities include MTC's

Transportation for Livable Communi-

ties/Housing Incentive Program, \$454

million; system management projects

such as the TransLink® universal tran-

sit ticket and 511 Traveler Information

System, \$400 million: Lifeline Trans-

portation (to serve transit-dependent

residents), \$216 million; and bicycle/

pedestrian facilities, \$200 million.

• Adopted the 2004 Legislative Pro-

gram, which will quide MTC's efforts in Sacramento and Washington, D.C.

To view the program, click on "Legislative Update" on the navigation bar at

• Honored State Senator Don Perata

(D-Oakland) with the 2003 John

Foran Legislative Award. In his role

as majority leader in the California

Senate and chair of the Senate Select

Legislator of the

Don Perata

ata has not only been a stalwart in

protecting and enhancing transporta-

tion funding in the difficult budget

times we are experiencing, but also

he has been the catalyst for promot-

ing sound planning principles as we meet the ever increasing demands of

our growing region," said Randy

Rentschler, manager of Legislation

and Public Affairs for MTC. The Foran

Award is named for the former legis-

lator responsible for writing the bill

year: State Senator

(MTC Resolution 3609)

<www.mtc.ca.gov>.

Committee on

Bay Area Trans-

portation, Per-

ata was the

chief architect

of the bridge

toll package

on the March

2004 ballot in

seven Bay Area

counties (see

front page).

"Senator Per-

creating MTC.

December 2003

MTC Reaches Out to Region's Low-Income and Minority Communities

Guided by recommendations from thousands of Bay Area residents, Phase 1 in the development of the Transportation 2030 Plan came to an end in December as the Commission adopted six new goals for the plan, a five-point platform for transportation and land-use integration, and an investment strategy that balances the region's enormous transportation needs with severely limited resources.

After kicking off the planning process with a regional summit in June 2003 that drew an overflow crowd of nearly 500, MTC waged a multifaceted public involvement campaign that included:

 a telephone poll of 3,600 residents - both voting and nonvoting - from throughout the Bay Area;



At the Transportation 2030 workshop in Concord, MTC encouraged community participation by providing free child care.

- some 30 public workshops, with a special focus on input from lower-income and minority communities;
- focus groups with a cross section of the public held around the region to allow more indepth discussion of the major choices and tradeoffs;
- an interactive online Budget Challenge, taken by over 530 visitors to the MTC Web site.

"The outreach was carefully aimed to hear in particular from lowerincome residents and members of minority groups, both of which tend to be bypassed by the traditional planning process," said MTC

Deputy Executive Director Therese McMillan. MTC enlisted communitybased organizations to cosponsor meetings in targeted neighborhoods, providing grants to cover meeting costs as well as child care and translators for participants.

At the heart of the package adopted by the Commission in December is a strategy for divvying up nearly \$4 billion in uncommitted funding set aside for regional projects over the next 25 years (see the adjacent Commission Actions for details). In Phase 2, which launches in early 2004, MTC will work with county congestion management agencies to assign another \$5 billion to locally determined projects. At the same time, MTC will look at ways of expanding the funding envelope to keep pace with the burgeoning demand for new services and facilities.

— John Goodwin

Facts & Figures

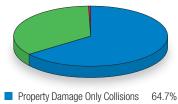
Accidents Creep Up While Injuries/Fatalities Decline

The bad news is that the total number of motor vehicle collisions in the Bay Area rose 2 percent in 2002, to 106,530. The good news is that the entire net increase was accounted for by collisions resulting in property damage only, which as a group comprise almost two-thirds (64.7 percent) of all motor vehicle collisions (see pie chart). Collisions involving either injuries or fatalities

Property Damage Only Collisions

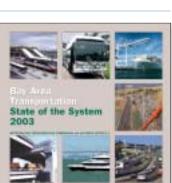
annual decline in this key indicator of transportation safety. In fact, as shown on the table below, the number of injury-and-fatality collisions is at its lowest point in the last five years.

Motor Vehicle Collisions in the Bay Area in 2002



That being said, the number of injury collisions and fatal collisions fluctuated within a fairly narrow range during the five-year period from 1998 to 2002. The same holds true for property-damage collisions and total collisions. Only time will tell whether year-to-year changes in the data indicate a trend, or whether they are merely normal variations in a relatively stable phenomenon.

Interestingly, although freeway driving accounts for approximately 60 percent of all vehicle miles driven in the Bay Area, only about ey



Now Available: The information in the adjacent article is excerpted from the just-released Bay Area Transportation: State of the System 2003. This is the second year that MTC and Caltrans District 4 have published this handy reference tool, which tracks trends in regional mobility and safety, including transit on-time performance, freeway congestion, carpool-lane time savings, collisions involving pedestrians/cyclists and the like. The report also gauges the state of repair of various components of the region's transportation network.

The report can be viewed online at <www.mtc.ca.gov>. To order a hard copy,

library@mtc.ca.gov 510.464.7852 510.464.7836

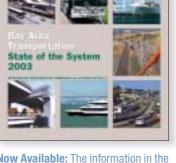
were down by 3 percent in 2002 (to 37,618), the second straight	Injury Collisions Fatal Collisions Source: California Highway Patrol		34.9% 0.4% 106,530 Collisions = 100%			f all collisions occus — Joe Curley	
Injury and Fatal Collisions on Bay	/ Area Roa	adways, 19	998-2002 Collisions			Doroon	t Changa
							t Change
	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2001-02	1998-2002
Injury Collisions	39,027	37,913	39,609	38,322	37,167	-3%	-5%
Fatal Collisions	433	405	444	449	451	0%	+4%
Total Injury and Fatal Collisions	39,460	38,318	40,053	38,771	37,618	-3%	-5%

65,339

103,657

67,164

106,624



contact the MTC Library:

METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION WWW.MTC.CA.GOV

+6%

+2%

+3%

Commissioners

Total Collisions

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Napa County and Cities Dorene M. Giacopini
U.S. Department of Transportation

Barbara Kaufman San Francisco Bay Conservation and Development Commission

Cities of San Mateo County John McLemore Cities of Santa Clara County

Bijan Sartipi State Rusiness Transportation

and Housing Agency James P. Spering Solano County and Cities

Pamela Torliatt Association of Bay Area Governments Sharon Wright

Sonoma County and Cities Shelia Young Cities of Alameda County

Transaction

70,001

110,054

Metropolitan Transportation Commission

65,219

103,990

68,912

106,530

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